Completions Survey Frequently Asked Questions

Question I have no CIP codes listed on my Completions survey, do I still have to report data?

Answer Yes, you must report any degrees, certificates, or other formal awards

conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003. If you have no codes listed, then you must create a list by adding programs. You may choose to report using either the 1990 version of the CIP (Classification of Instructional Programs) or the 2000 CIP. Please review the survey

instructions carefully before doing this.

Question I responded to the Completions survey last year, but I have no CIP

codes listed on my Completions survey this year. Do I still have to

report data?

Answer This probably happened because you chose to report using the CIP2000;

and YES, you must report any degrees, certificates, or other formal awards conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003. You must first create a list by adding programs and then report your data. Please review the

survey instructions carefully before doing this.

Question I notice that I can choose to report data this year using either the 1990

CIP (which is what I've used in the past) or the new CIP2000. How

does this work?

Answer NCES will allow institutions to choose either version of the CIP this year.

If you choose to continue to use the 1990 CIP, your programs will be preprinted for you, just like in previous years. If you choose to report using CIP2000, you will need to re-create your list of programs, making sure that you use the new codes. NOTE: some codes remain the same, some have changed, and a lot of new ones were added. For more information on

the new CIP2000, please visit

http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/web2000/cip2000.asp.

Question If I decide to use file upload, will it accept both versions of the CIP?

Please carefully follow the file import specifications. You may upload your file using **either** the 1990 version or CIP2000. **You may not**

combine versions; you must choose one version!

Question In reporting completions during the fall 2003 collection, should I

include degrees and certificates awarded in the summer 2003 term?

Answer Your fall 2003 report should include degrees and awards conferred between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2002. Unless they were conferred

before June 30, they should be reported the following year (fall 2004

collection).

Answer

Question If a student was awarded two degrees during the collection period,

should I report only one, in order to avoid double-counting the

student? Also, how do I select which CIP to report?

Answer If the student actually receives two degrees based on two independent

courses of study, then each degree should be reported under the appropriate level and CIP. Remember, this survey is collecting the number of degrees/certificates, not the number of students receiving them.

Question What is the difference between degrees with double majors and those

with split majors?

Answer Both of these apply when only one degree has been conferred. If the

recipient earned sufficient credits for the degree level separately in two fields, it would be a double major. If the recipient earned total credits between the two fields for the degree but not sufficient credits in either

individually, it would be a split major.

Question I cannot find any CIP code that matches one of our programs, and the

system will only let me select one of the standard codes. What should

I do?

Answer If the program covers includes parts of several CIP codes and there is a

"General" CIP (normally nn.nn01) for the 2-digit CIP area,, use that. If not, use the "Other" code (either nn.9999 or in some cases nn.nn99).

Question My institution has a program preparing people to become physical

therapists. Reading the Completions instructions, our program would seem to meet the criteria for first-professional degrees. However, when I try to create a first-professional level for the proper CIP code, the system will not allow this. How can I add this first-professional

program?

Answer Historically, NCES has allowed first-professional degrees to be reported

only in selected CIPs. This policy is currently being evaluated, but unless a change is made, the first-professional degrees will remain restricted to the designated fields. Completions in your program should be reported in

the most appropriate CIP and non-first-professional award level.

Question My institution awards Specialized Associate Degrees (SAD), which do

not require the minimum Liberal Studies hours that other associate's degrees do. Should these be reported as level 3 (associate's degree) or

level 4 (2 but less than 4 year certificates)?

Answer As long as these awards are considered associate's degrees by your

controlling authority, they should be reported as level 3. This also applies to Occupational Associate Degrees (OAD). In the same way, BA and BS

degrees are both reported as bachelor's degrees (level 5) in IPEDS.